

Metacognitive awareness in the structure of personal potential of students

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Introduction

The authors use different terms when they try to describe the contribution of personnel in the self-regulation and self-determination: "potential" (Leontiev, D.A., 2011), "personal styles" (Morosanova, V.I., 2001), "personality resources" (Diener, E. & etc., 1985; Maddi, S.R., 2012) and others. Leontiev defines personal potential as "an integral system characteristic of individual psychological characteristics of an individual, which helps to maintain the stability of semantic orientations and the effectiveness of activities under pressures and changing external conditions" (Leontiev, D.A., 2011, p. 8).

Structure of personal potential isn't predetermined. New personality traits can be introduced in the personal potential on the basis of empirical data. Personal potential provides a wide range of possible reactions that may be useful in a different situations. Metacognition is defined as the human mental activity, in the process of which the study, control, and management of one's cognitive processes happen (Flavell, J., 1979). The relationship between metacognition, personal goals achievements and psychological health are studied for a long time in psychological practice (Fenigstein, A. & etc., 1975; Sheldon, K.M.; Kasser, T., 2001). Empirical studies have relationship shown the between metacognition and self-realization and selfactualization (Bernstein A & etc., 2015), and Self-Actualization, and Well-Being (Lobban, F. & etc., 2002; Kiaei, A.Y., 2014), with Self-Efficacy (Schunk, D.H., 1984).

The purpose of this study was to study the role of metacognition in the personal potential of educational success. This study examines the contribution of metacognition to the holistic development of a person towards self-realization.

Participants

- 118 students of Saint-Petersburg State University
- 23% males and 77% of females
- mean ages $19,2 \pm 0,5$ years

Measures

Metacognitive Awareness Inventory (MAI) \sum The Scales of Psychological Well-Being (SPW) \sum The Russian Emotional Intelligence (EI)

questionnaire (EmIn) The Self-Organization of Activity Questionnaire (SOA)

- The Psychosomatic Behavior Styles
- Differential reflexivity test (DTR)

Results

Correlations between metacognitive awareness and the personal potential

	Metacognitive awareness		
Autonomy	r=0,317; p<0,001		
Personal growth	r=0,507; p<0,0001		
Purpose in life	r=0,384; p<0,001		
Understanding others 'emotions	r=0,401; p<0,001		
Understanding one's emotions	r=0,314; p<0,01		
Managing others' emotions	r=0,280; p<0,01		
Interpersonal El	r=0,419; p<0,001		
Emotion Comprehension	r=0,361; p<0,001		
Emotion Management	r=0,241; p<0,01		
Purposefulness	r=0,260; p<0,01		
The total score of SOA	r=0,263; p<0,01		
Cognitive style	r=0,258; p<0,01		
Psychophysical style	r=0,341; p<0,001		
Quasi-reflection	r=-0,265; p<0,01		

Metacogniti Environmer Balance of a Purpose in Self-accepta Personal gr Autonomy Positive rela Common sc Understand Understand Managing o **Emotion Ma Emotion Co** Interpersona Intraperson Purposefulr Self-Organiz **Fixation** The total sc Cognitive s **Behavioral** Emotional s Psychophys Socio-cultu Introspectio

Metacognitive awareness revealed significant relations with the following scales of Psychological Well-being: Autonomy, Environmental mastery, Personal growth, Purpose in life. Factor analysis has demonstrated that metacognitive awareness is included in the structure of personal potential. Thus, metacognitive awareness could be considered as a potential comprehensive design in predicting personal success with various types of activities, as well as education.



Factor analysis of the structure of the personal potential

	Personal	Psychological	Self-	Planning
	potential	ill-being	organization	flexibility
ive awareness	0,619			
ntal mastery	0,713	-0,421		
affect	-0,625	0,491		
life	0,575	-0,474		
ance	0,618	-0,487		
rowth	0,570			
	0,515			
ations with others	0,488			
cale SPW	0,570			
ling others 'emotions	0,552	0,506		
ling one's emotions	0,731			
others' emotions	0,580	0,406		
anagement	0,714			
omprehension	0,649	0,506		
nal El	0,641	0,464		
nal El	0,640			
ness	0,575			
ization			0,545	
				-0,457
core of SOA		-0,410	0,521	-0,431
style	0,503			0,413
style	0,409			
style			0,727	
sical style			0,477	
Iral style			0,436	0,473
on	-0,526			

Conclusion

References

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