# World Stroke Organization

# Global Stroke Bill of Rights

Sarah Belson, International Development Manager, World Stroke Organization

## **Background**

In 2014 the World Stroke Organization (WSO) launched the Global Stroke Bill of Rights (GSBoR), which was developed by a working group of survivors and caregivers from across the world and informed by two online surveys.

### **Methods**

In 2017, WSO gathered feedback on the use of the GSBoR via a web-based questionnaire completed by people who had signed the GSBoR and people who had been signposted to it, but had not signed. The questionnaire had eight questions, both closed and open, and received 30 responses.



- **1.** Have you referenced or referred to the GSBoR since signing it? **60% Yes**
- 2. If you have referenced or referred to the GSBoR, please give brief details about how you have used it. 63% gave details

What: to promote the right to best possible care; to highlight gaps in care

**How:** websites and social media; resources for patients; interviews

**Why:** as a source of information for advocacy; in an academic thesis

Who: patients; emergency medical teams; doctors; the general public

**When:** exhibitions; training; World Stroke Day; in a stroke unit; conference

**3.** How useful have you found the GSBoR in helping to raise awareness of stroke among the population?



**4.** How useful have you found the GSBoR in helping to secure stroke policy changes in your country?



### Global Stroke Bill of Rights

As a person who has had a stroke I have a right to:

#### Receive the best stroke care

- Receive treatment by a specialised team at all stages of my journey (in hospital and during rehabilitation).
- Receive care that is well coordinated.
   Access treatment regardless of financial situation, gender
- culture or place that I live.

  Receive treatment that is right for me as an individual considering my age, gender, culture, goals and my

A rapid diagnosis so I can be treated quickly.



#### Be informed and prepared

- Be informed about the signs of stroke so I can recognise I am having one.

  One of the signs of stroke so I can recognise I am having one.

  One of the signs of stroke so I can recognise I am having one.
- Be fully informed about what has happened to me and about living with stroke for as long as I require it.



5. How useful have you found the GSBoR in increasing the

number of stroke advocates in your country?

- Be supported in my recovery

  Be provided with hope for the best possible recovery I camake now and into the future.

  Receive psychological and emotional support in a form
- that best meets my needs.

  Be included in all aspects of society regardless of any
- be included in all aspects of society regardless of any disability I may have.
   Receive support (financial or otherwise) to ensure I am
- Receive support (financial or otherwise) to ensure I cared for in the longer term.

  Received to return to work and/or to other act.





with access to the services I need.

Be connected to other stroke survivors and caregivers so I may gain and provide support in my recovery from stroke.

www.world-stroke.org



**6.** What have you found particularly successful when using the GSBoR?

Voice and credibility Clear objective, accessible

language, WSO endorsed

Global nature At a local level highlights the need

for global policy changes

Rights based approach Promotes quality stroke care as a

right

**The potential** To strengthen our advocacy

messages

**7.** What barriers have you experienced in trying to use the GSBoR?

**Bureaucracy** Lack of national government

endorsement

Capacity The major barrier to its realisation

is financial

**Lack of awareness** In some countries it is not widely

known

Language and culture There needs to be further

translations

**8.** Do you have any recommendations relating to the GSBoR?



80% recommended greater promotion and more translations.

#### Conclusion

- The majority of respondents view the GSBoR as a useful document.
- It is most useful in awareness raising.
- It is least useful in influencing stroke policy and increasing the number of stroke advocates.
- The GSBoR is versatile; its tone and credibility allows it to be used with a range of stakeholders, in different settings and with a specific focus.
- Its global nature and rights based approach mean that it is aligned with international declarations and treaties on non-communicable diseases.
- While there are barriers to its use, the questionnaire feedback indicates that developing strategies to address these barriers is worthwhile.



To find out more about the Global Stroke Bill of Rights please visit:

www.worldstrokecampaign.org